





### Safety Data Sheet dated 4/30/2015, version 3

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name : BINDER POLYURETHANIC 50%

Trade code : 607.0815

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product type and use: Painting product for car refinish and industrial job-professional use-

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:

PALINI VERNICI S.R.L. Via San Gerolamo, 14 25055 Pisogne (BS)

PALINI VERNICI S.R.L. Tel. 0364/ 880496- 882727 Fax. 0364/ 882740-87722 (9-12 13-18)

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

ricerca@palinal.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

PALINI VERNICI S.R.L. Tel. 0364/ 880496- 882727 Fax. 0364/ 882740-87722 (9-12 13-18)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Directive criteria, 67/548/CE, 99/45/EC and following amendments thereof:

Properties / Symbols:

Xn Harmful Xi Irritant

N Dangerous for the environment

### R Phrases:

R10 Flammable.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP):

- Warning, Flam. Liq. 3, Flammable liquid and vapour.
- Warning, STOT SE 3, May cause respiratory irritation.
- Warning, STOT SE 3, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Aguatic Chronic 2, Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Symbols:



Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat - No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.

P370+P378 In case of fire, use a dry powder fire extinguisher to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

None

Contents:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom

n-butyl acetate

accelerator: May produce an allergic reaction.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

Other Hazards:

No other hazards

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of EEC directive 67/548 and CLP regulation and related classification:

>=30% -< 40% Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom

REACH No.: 01-2119455851-35, Index number: 649-356-00-4, CAS: 64742-95-6, EC:

265-199-0

Xn,Xi,N; R37-10-65-66-51/53-67

- 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226
- ◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335
- ♦ 3.10/1 Asp. Tox. 1 H304
- ◆ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336
- 4.1/C2 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

DECLP\*

DECLP (CLP)\*

#### >=7% -< 10% n-butyl acetate

REACH No.: 01-2119485493-29, Index number: 607-025-00-1, CAS: 123-86-4, EC: 204-658-1

R10-66-67; substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

- 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226
- ◆ 3.8/3 STOT SÉ 3 H336

#### >=0.1% -< 0.25% accelerator

REACH No.: 01-2119496068-27, CAS: 77-58-7

T,Xi,C,N; R61-60-34-43-50/53-48/25-68

- 3.2/1A Skin Corr. 1A H314
- ♦ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318
- 1 3.4.2/1 Skin Sens. 1 H317
- 3.5/2 Muta. 2 H341
- ♦ 3.7/1A Repr. 1A H360
- ♦ 3.8/1 STOT SE 1 H370
- ♦ 3.9/1 STOT RE 1 H372

4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

\*DECLP: Substance classified accordingly to Note P of the Annex I of directive 67/548/EEC. The classification as a carcinogen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0.1% weight/weight of benzene

\*DECLP (CLP): This substance is classified in accordance with Note P, Annex VI of EC Regulation 1272/2008. The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7). When the substance is not classified as a carcinogen at least the precautionary statements (P102-)P260-P262-P301 + P310-P331 (Table 3.1) or the S-phrases (2-)23-24-62 (Table 3.2) shall apply. This note applies only to certain complex oil-derived substances in Part 3.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

In case of Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

None

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

In case of fire, extinguish with chemistry dust, Carbon Dioxide and Foam.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1. Control parameters

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom - CAS: 64742-95-6

TLV-TWA - 100 mg/m3, 19 ppm

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

ACGIH, 150 ppm, 200 ppm - Notes: Eye and URT irr

accelerator - CAS: 77-58-7

MAK - LTE: 0.1 mg/m3 - Notes: valore limite d' aria

**DNEL Exposure Limit Values** 

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom - CAS: 64742-95-6

Worker Professional: 25 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term,

systemic effects

Worker Professional: 150 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term,

systemic effects

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

Worker Professional: 960 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term,

systemic effects

Worker Professional: 960 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term,

local effects

Worker Professional: 480 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term,

systemic effects

Worker Professional: 480 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term,

local effects

Worker Professional: 859.7 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short

Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 859.7 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short

Term (acute)

**PNEC Exposure Limit Values** 

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.18 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.018 mg/l

Target: 08 - Value: 0.36 mg/l Target: 09 - Value: 35.6 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.981 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.0981 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.0903 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance and colour: Liquido Viscoso Odour: CHARACTERISTIC

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A. (Solvent Product)

Melting point / freezing point: N.A.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: > 35 gradi C. °C

Solid/gas flammability: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: >Aria
Flash point: >= 23 °C
Evaporation rate: N.A.
Vapour pressure: N.D.

Relative density: 1.02 g/l

Solubility in water: Insolubile
Solubility in oil: N.A.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature: 400 gradi C. °C

Decomposition temperature: N.A. Viscosity: N.A.

Explosive properties: 2/11 % Volume

Oxidizing properties: N.D.

9.2. Other information

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Miscibility: N.A.
Fat Solubility: N.A.
Conductivity: N.A.

Substance Groups relevant properties N.A.

Vapour density: >Aria

Solids: 57.3 %
% Volatile carbon: 36
% Solvent 42.7

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.)

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with combustible materials. The product could catch fire.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the mixture:

N.A.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the mixture:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom - CAS: 64742-95-6

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Fumes - Species: Rat > 6193 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3492 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Sensitization - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit 0

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat > 10000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 21.1 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 14000 mg/kg

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

**OBSERVATIONS ON HUMAN SUBJECTS:** 

Inhalation: 3300 ppm (16 mg/l), for short periods, cause serious irritation to the eyes and to the nose.

10 1116 11036.

Inhalation: 200-300 ppm (1-1.4 mg/l), for short periods, cause moderate irritation to the eyes and to the nose.

Inhaling the vapours can irritate the respiratory system.

The vapours can cause headache and nausea. As a liquid it can irritate the eyes and cause conjunctivitis, it can irritate the skin and cause dermatitis and, if swallowed, causes inebriation, hallucinations and sedation.

Symptoms of illness at 500 ppm. Serious toxic effects at 2,000 ppm for 60 min.

TCLo: 200 ppm

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation 453/2010/EC listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eve damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- j) aspiration hazard.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt sound working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom - CAS: 64742-95-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 3.2 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 9.2 mg/l - Duration h: 96

n-butyl acetate - CAS: 123-86-4

e) Plant toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 675 mg/l - Duration h: 72

12.2. Persistence and degradability

None

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Other adverse effects

None

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**





14.1. UN number

ADR-UN Number: 1263 IATA-UN Number: 1263 IMDG-UN Number: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name ADR-Shipping Name:

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)

IATA-Shipping Name: PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish,

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polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint

thinning and reducing compound)

IMDG-Shipping Name: PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish,

polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 3

ADR - Hazard identification number: 30

IATA-Class: 3 IATA-Label: 3 IMDG-Class: 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III
IATA-Packing group: III
IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR-Enviromental Pollutant: Yes

IMDG-Marine pollutant: Marine Pollutant

Most important toxic component: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR-Subsidiary risks:

ADR-S.P.: 163 640E 650

ADR-Tunnel Restriction Code: (D/E)
IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 355
IATA-Subsidiary risks: IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 366
IATA-S.P.: IATA-ERG: 3L

IMDG-EmS: F-E , S-E

IMDG-Subsidiary risks:

IMDG-Storage category: Category A

IMDG-Storage notes: -

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

N.A.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 67/548/EEC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances)

Dir. 99/45/EC (Classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations)

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Dir. 2006/8/EC

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 453/2010 (Annex I) Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation

(EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

Restriction 3

Restriction 40

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

Restriction 28 Restriction 29

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 82/501/EEC ('Activities linked to risks of serious accidents') and subsequent amendments.

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

1999/13/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directives 82/501/EC(Seveso), 96/82/EC(Seveso II):

N.A.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Nο

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

R10 Flammable.

R34 Causes burns.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R48/25 Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure if swallowed.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R60 May impair fertility.

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

R68 Possible risk of irreversible effects.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

NIOSH - Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983)

I.N.R.S. - Fiche Toxicologique

CCNL - Appendix 1 "TLV for 1989-90"

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It 607.0815/3

refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical

Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of

Chemicals.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport

Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"

(ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LTE: Long-term exposure.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Rail.

STE: Short-term exposure.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day.

(ACGIH Standard).

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.